But that's not all!

There is a lot, due to space, that couldn't be covered here. Check out the following resources for more information on heraldry.

SCA College of Arms - Education Articles: <u>http://heraldry.sca.org/education.html</u> Heraldry for Scribes: <u>https://web.archive.org/web/20091027113101/http://</u> <u>www.geocities.com/sorchamacleod/hfs.html</u> West Kingdom - Heraldry for Scribes (includes how to draw a shield): http://

scribes.westkingdom.org/H2-HeraldryForTheScribe.html

Heraldic Atlas (examples of charges): <u>http://www.heraldica.org/topics/glossary/</u> <u>atlas.htm</u>

- SCA CoA Glossary of Terms: http://heraldry.sca.org/coagloss.html
- A Glossary of Terms Used in Heraldry: <u>http://www.heraldsnet.org/saitou/parker/</u> <u>Jpglossa.htm</u>
- OSCAR (can search for blazons to see images from submissions): https://oscar.sca.org/
- Pennsic Traceable Art Project: <u>http://www.aeheralds.net/Links/AE_Traceable_Art/</u> IndivPDFs/ToC.html

Grammar of Blazonry: http://heraldry.sca.org/armory/bruce.html

- Period Rolls of Arms and Armorials (and how to find them): <u>http://heraldry.sca.org/</u> <u>armory/periodrolls.html</u>
- "Commonly Known" Heraldic Blazon/Emblazon Knowledge (includes some default orientations): <u>http://heralds.westkingdom.org/CommonBlazonKnowledge.htm</u>

You can find all of these links (and more over time) here: <u>http://bit.ly/hearald4scribe</u>



Leah Jolifaunt of Schattentor MKA Marti Fuerst I et reperi additamentum Go and discover something more http://biblionalia.info/leah fuerstme@gmail.com

All of the images here are used under the "fair use" argument, because we're learnin' stuff! Yay learnin' stuff!

Basic Blazons for Scribes

BLAZON: heraldic description of a shield or a flag **Emblazon:** heraldic picture

TINCTURE	EQ. COLOR	METAL/COLOR
Argent	White/	Metal
Azure	Blue	Color
Gules	Red	Color
Or	Yellow/Gold	Metal
Purpure	Purple	Color
Vert	Green	Color
Sable	Black	Color

RULE OF TINCTURE (RoT): No metals on metals, no colors on colors. Imagine you're cutting the shield out from bits of paper and stacking it!

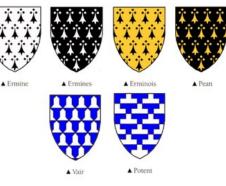
ORDINARIES: like field divisions, but considered ON the field, not part of it - RoT APPLIES.

Derived from field divisions, but also include: Chief: horizontal band right across the top of the shield

Bordure: the boundary of the shield

LINES: always straight unless specified

Wavy Dancetty Engrailed (bites out) Invected (bumps added) Dovetailed Embattled Rayonny Urdy

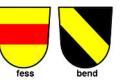


FURS: (R-L) Ermine, Counter-ermine, Erminois, Pean, Vair, Potent

PROPER TINCTURES: when a charge is emblazoned as it appears in nature. *A pine tree vert, trunked brun* vs. *A pine tree proper.*



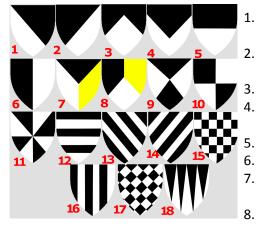




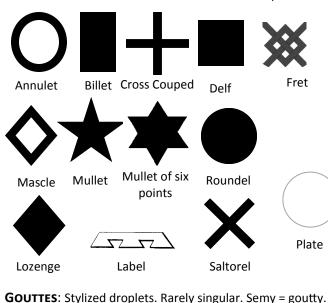


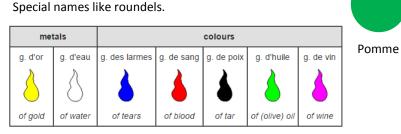


FIELD DIVISIONS: not considered "on top of" each other, since the field is a single layer; blazoned from top to bottom, left to right (as you would read). Inverted: upside-down Sinister: Reversed (starting from viewer's right)



GEOMETRIC CHARGES







Bezant

Golpe

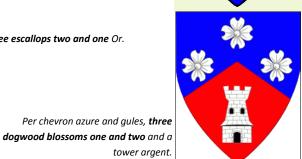
ARRANGEMENT: how charges are placed in a grouping. Default for three charges is "two and one."



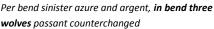
Or, in fess three crescents pendant sable between in pale two dragons statant gules.

Azure, in pale two tygers passant contourny queue-forchy argent.

Azure, three escallops two and one Or.







Per bend sinister Or and purpure, in bend sinister two butterflies bendwise sinister counterchanged, the one in chief inverted.



Addorsed (back to back)



Confronté (face to face) Combatant for rampant beasts, Respectant for beasts in other postures



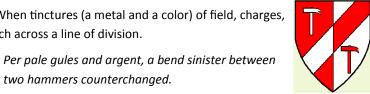


In saltire

inverted

COUNTERCHANGE: When tinctures (a metal and a color) of field, charges, and ordinaries switch across a line of division.

two hammers counterchanged.



CARDINAL DIRECTIONS OF HERALDRY:

to base (= toward the bottom point of the shield)

to chief (= toward the top edge of the shield)

to dexter chief (or to canton) (northwest) to sinister chief (or to sinister canton) (northeast) to dexter base (southwest) to sinister base (southeast)

to dexter (= toward the viewer's left)

to sinister (= toward the viewer's right)

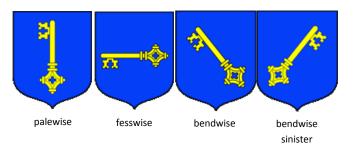
ORIENTATIONS: Charges such as billets, cartouches, lozenges, and mascles, have a single axis but no "top end". For these charges, only four orientations can be specified: palewise (vertical)

bendwise (diagonal from the left)

bendwise sinister (diagonal from the right)

fesswise (horizontal)

When these charges appear singly on the field, their default orientation is "palewise".



Charges, such as chalices, hearts, pheons, and trees, have a single axis with a clearlydefined "top" and "bottom" that can be swapped. The first four orientations above apply to these charges as well, with the additional constraint that the "top" end of the charge is to chief for palewise, bendwise, or bendwise sinister charges and to

dexter for fesswise charges. Inverted = swap top for bottom Reversed = swap left for right

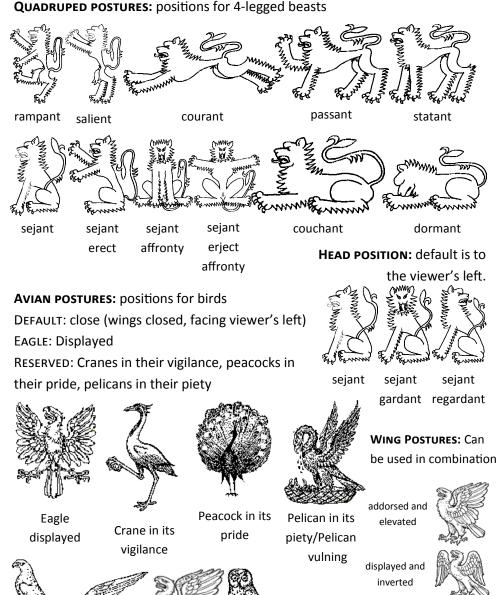


palewise inverted



reversed

QUADRUPED POSTURES: positions for 4-legged beasts



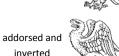


(wings can be elevated or displayed, addorsed or not)

close

volant

affronty/ Close gardant

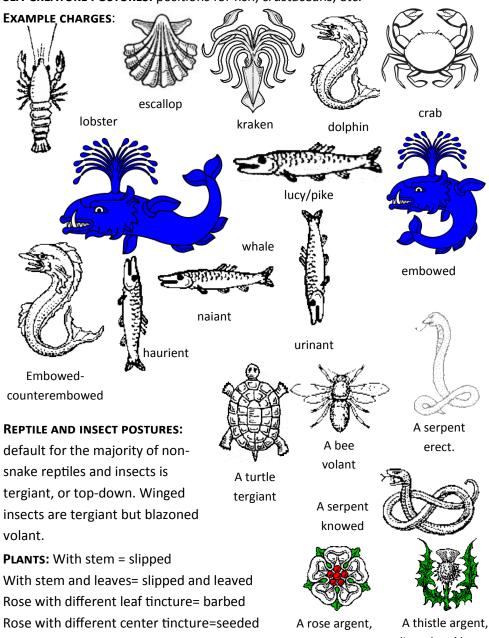


displayed and

elevated

inverted

SEA-CREATURE POSTURES: positions for fish, crustaceans, etc.







From left to right: an oak tree couped, an oak tree eradicated, and an oak tree blasted.

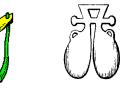
ERASURE: when a body part is separate. From left to righterased—ragged edge **couped**—clean edge caboshed—no neck, facing front







OTHER CHARGES: because a large heraldic vocabulary is good!







cauldron

harp



wateraddice (hoe)

axe

pheon

tower

bouget

sheaf of

arrows

sword

arch

scythe

chalice





clarion

gauntlet







helm



maunche (sleeve)



savage's head

